FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTING UNDER GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS AND FEDERAL AND STATE SINGLE AUDIT REPORTING

AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Managements' Discussion and Analysis	4-11
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Position Statements of Cash Flows	13
Notes to Financial Statements	6-26
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	7-28
Federal Single Audit	
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	9-31
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	33
State Single Audit	
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act 3	6-38
Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	39
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	40



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Greater New Haven Transit District

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Greater New Haven Transit District (the District), which comprise the statements of financial positions as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective statements of activities and changes in net position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*) issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

New Haven, CT November 7, 2022

Marcun LLP

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of Greater New Haven Transit District's (the District) activities and financial performance provide an introduction to the financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Following this MD&A are the basic financial statements of the District together with the notes thereto which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the financial statements.

DISTRICT ACTIVITIES HIGHLIGHTS

The District provides transit services to the elderly and persons with disabilities in the Greater New Haven Region. Various programs are in place to provide these services including the Americans with Disabilities (ADA) complementary paratransit service, Regional Rides Program, Hamden Elderly services, and the M7 Taxi Voucher program.

The District serves as a conduit for federal and state transit infrastructure funding and continues to obtain capital funding to purchase assets needed to provide high quality transit service. Federal Transit Administration (80%) and Connecticut Department of Transportation (20%) capital funding is used to purchase land, revenue vehicles, and support equipment as well as undertake demolition, design and facility improvement projects.

Noteworthy capital projects undertaken during fiscal year 2022 was the facility move from 1014 Sherman Avenue to a much larger facility located at 1000 Sherman Avenue. The new facility allows the district to park some vehicles in doors as well as securing our outdoor parking location. The District made IT infrastructure, facility upgrades and miscellaneous support equipment purchase to make the new location suitable for the staff. In addition, the district spent significant capital funds to ensure the safety of our clients during the COVID-19 pandemic including additional bus and facility sanitation.

Abatement and demolition at 333 State Street/460 Sackett Point Road in North Haven was completed and now we are waiting for final state approval to move forward with design and construction.

The District is continuing as the lead agency on the statewide Small Vehicle Joint Procurement on behalf of many other transit districts, private providers of public transit service and 5,310 grant recipients. A contract was awarded in fiscal year 2017 to purchase approximately 500 vehicles over five years for multiple organizations within the State of Connecticut.

The Executive Director, under the direction of a Board of Directors, has the responsibility of overseeing the administrative staff and the collective bargaining unit members (mechanics and drivers) employed by the District. The mechanics and drivers of the District are represented by the Teamsters Local 443.

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

DISTRICT ACTIVITIES HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

The Board of Directors is comprised of 11 appointed members representing 9 municipalities: Bethany, Branford, Hamden, New Haven, North Haven, Orange, North Branford, West Haven, and Woodbridge.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of a series of financial statements as well as the notes to the financial statements. The Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Position and Statements of Cash Flows provide information about the activities of the District as a whole. The notes to the financial statements provide information regarding the amounts recorded in the financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The District is structured as a single enterprise fund with revenues recognized when earned, not when received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid. Capital assets are capitalized and (except land assets in progress) are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. See the notes to the financial statements for a summary of the District's significant accounting policies.

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED 2021-2022

- Operating revenues decreased by \$45,219 from \$343,767 to \$298,548.
- Operating expenses decreased by \$478,161 from \$12,834,290 to \$12,356,129.
- Net non-operating revenues decreased by \$232,941 from \$11,411,071 to \$11,178,130.
- Capital grants received in the form of grants from Federal and State governments increased by \$911,771 from \$196,221 to \$1,107,992.
- The District's net position increased by \$228,541 for fiscal year 2022 and decreased by \$883,231 for fiscal year 2021.

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

FINANCIAL POSITION SUMMARY

A summary of the District's net position at June 30 is shown below:

	2022	2021	2020
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 2,197,325	\$ 1,972,904	\$ 2,165,534
Other assets	 7,186,337	 6,678,987	 7,700,210
	\$ 9,383,662	\$ 8,651,891	\$ 9,865,744
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	\$ 906,427	\$ 620,790	\$ 951,412
Other liabilities	 217,593	 	
	\$ 1,124,020	\$ 620,790	\$ 951,412
Net Position			
Investment in capital assets	\$ 6,834,243	\$ 6,678,987	\$ 7,700,210
Unrestricted	 1,425,399	 1,352,114	 1,214,122
	\$ 8,259,642	\$ 8,031,101	\$ 8,914,332

Total net position serves over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's net position each year represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, vehicles, transit enhancements and other equipment) and other unrestricted amounts. Capital assets are used to provide services to the patrons and passengers of the District and to users of public transit who ride the CT Transit fixed route buses as well as to various municipalities in the South Central Region that have requested transit enhancement projects through the South Central Regional Council of Governments (SCRCOG). The District administers these projects once they have been identified as eligible by SCRCOG.

The District's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$8.2 million as of June 30, 2022, a \$0.23 million increase from June 30, 2021 due to an increase in grants receivable from the state at year end. The District's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$8 million as of June 30, 2021, a \$0.88 million decrease from June 30, 2020 due to a full year of depreciation on capital assets purchased during the prior year.

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS

A summary of the District's changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30 is shown below:

	2022	2021	2020
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 298,548 12,356,129	\$ 343,767 12,834,290	\$ 361,363 13,693,321
Operating loss	(12,057,581)	(12,490,523)	(13,331,958)
Net non-operating revenues	11,178,130	11,411,071	11,997,949
Decrease in net position before capital grants	(879,451)	(1,079,452)	(1,334,009)
Federal, state and local grants used for capital purchases	1,107,992	196,221	1,527,405
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 228,541	\$ (883,231)	\$ 193,396

Operating revenues decreased 13.15 percent from \$0.34 million in 2021 to \$0.29 million in 2022, and decreased 4.87 percent from \$0.36 million in 2020 to \$0.34 million in 2021. The decrease in 2022 from 2021 is due to the 2021 fare revenue being inflated due to CARES act funding being used in 2021 to make up for the lost fare revenue. In addition, in 2022 state wide free fares went into effect which also lowered fare revenue in 2022. The decrease in 2021 and 2020 is mainly due to the continued reduction of services for the Town of Hamden elderly services transportation during fiscal year 2021 and 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Operating expenses decreased 3.73 percent from \$12.83 million in 2021 to \$12.36 million in 2022 mainly due to decreased labor costs due to decreased staffing levels and decreased 6.27 percent from \$13.69 million in 2020 to \$12.83 million in 2021 mainly due to decreased labor costs surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic.

Net non-operating revenues decreased 2.04 percent from \$11.41 million in 2021 to \$11.18 million in 2022 mainly due to increased spending on capital purchases in 2022 compared to 2021 and decreased 4.89 percent from \$11.99 million in 2020 to \$11.41 million in 2021 mainly due to decreased grant funding received as a result of decreased work on projects due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Federal, state and local grants used for capital purchases increased 464 percent from \$0.20 million in 2021 to \$1.11 million in 2022 due to increased purchases in 2022 and decreased 87.15 percent from \$1.52 million in 2020 to \$0.20 million in 2021 mainly due to large purchases made in 2020 that the District did not need to make in 2021.

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

REVENUES

A summary of revenues for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, and the amounts and percentages of change in relation to prior year amounts are as follows:

	2022 Amount	% of Total	Increase/ (Decrease) from 2021	Percent Increase/ (Decrease)	2021 Amount	% of Total	Increase/ (Decrease) from 2020	Percent Increase/ (Decrease)	2020 Amount	% of Total
Operating Revenues										
Passenger fares	\$ 130,005	1%	\$ (79,505)	-38%	\$ 209,510	2%	\$ 66,750	47%	\$ 142,760	1%
Municipal contribution	77,101	1%		0%	77,101	1%		0%	77,101	1%
Local contribution	91,259	1%	34,325	60%	56,934	0%	(83,980)	-60%	140,914	1%
Other	183	0%	(39)	-18%	222	0%	(366)	-62%	588	0%
Total Operating Revenues	298,548	3%	(45,219)	-13%	343,767	3%	(17,596)	-5%	361,363	3%
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses	s)									
Federal, State and local										
assistance grants	\$11,182,917	88%	\$ (227,135)	-2%	\$11,410,052	95%	\$ (584,166)	-5%	\$ 11,994,218	86%
Interest (expense) income	(4,787)	0%	(5,806)	-570%	1,019	0%	(2,712)	-73%	3,731	0%
Total Net Non-Operating Revenues	11,178,130	89%	(232,941)	-2%	11,411,071	95%	(586,878)	-5%	11,997,949	<u>86</u> %
Capital Contributions	1,107,992	9%	911,771	465%	196,221	2%	(1,331,184)	-87%	1,527,405	<u>11</u> %
Total Revenues	\$12,584,670	100%	\$ 633,611	<u>5</u> %	\$11,951,059	100%	\$ (1,935,658)	-14%	\$13,886,717	100%

The decrease in passenger fares of 38% percent from 2021 to 2022 and increase in passenger fares of 47% percent from 2020 to 2021 is due to the makeup of passengers paying with prepaid tickets rather than cash which cost slightly less and a decrease in service demand, as well as the cessation of collection of passenger fares in the last quarter of 2020 and first quarter of 2021, and again in 2022 due to the State of Connecticut restrictions surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic. Municipal contributions, which are member town dues, remained consistent from 2021 to 2022 and 2020 to 2021. Local contributions increased 60 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 60 percent from 2020 to 2021, which is attributable to cessation of the West Haven Service contract and lower ridership from the Hamden Elederly Service contract due to COVID-19. During 2022, the Hamden Elderly ridership levels returned to pre-COVID-19 levels, causing the increase. Other contributions decreased 18 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 62 percent from 2020 to 2021, which is attributable to fluctuations in interest earned on investment.

Federal, State and local assistance grants decreased 2 percent from 2020 to 2021 and 5 percent from 2020 to 2021, which is primarily attributable to a fluctuation of capital asset acquisitions over the years as well as increased funding from CARES act due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The increase in capital contributions of 465 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decrease in capital contributions of 87 percent from 2020 to 2021 is attributable to the timing of the purchase of vehicles in 2020 and 2022. Fewer capital purchases were made in 2021.

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

EXPENSES

A summary of expenses for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, and the amounts and percentages of change in relation to prior year amounts are as follows:

	2022	% of	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Increase/	2021	% of	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Increase/	2020	% of
	Amount	Total	from 2020	(Decrease)	Amount	Total	from 2019	(Decrease)	Amount	Total
Operating Expenses										
Wages and fringe benefits	\$ 8,645,872	70%	\$ 214,078	3%	\$ 8,431,794	66%	\$ (410,396)	-5%	\$ 8,842,190	65%
Maintenance, support equip.										
and enhancements	997,048	8%	(505,136)	-34%	1,502,184	12%	926,410	161%	575,774	4%
Depreciation	948,608	8%	(234,825)	-20%	1,183,433	9%	(152,630)	-11%	1,336,063	10%
Vehicle maintenance										
supplies and fuel	574,567	5%	(21,855)	-4%	596,422	5%	(115,419)	-16%	711,841	5%
Professional fees	530,993	4%	(11,747)	-2%	542,740	4%	(1,085,120)	-67%	1,627,860	12%
Telephone and utilities	228,845	2%	48,371	27%	180,474	1%	(8,153)	-4%	188,627	1%
Equipment rental and										
maintenance	137,671	1%	18,553	16%	119,118	1%	(40)	0%	119,158	1%
Insurance	93,355	1%	(13,732)	-13%	107,087	1%	(8,013)	-7%	115,100	1%
Office expense and postage	35,357	0%	(9,988)	-22%	45,345	0%	27,251	151%	18,094	0%
Purchased transportation	10,908	0%	3,821	54%	7,087	0%	(5,387)	-43%	12,474	0%
Travel and conferences	431	0%	(200)	-32%	631	0%	(27,629)	-98%	28,260	0%
Loss on sale and disposal										
of capital assets	1,128	0%	817	263%	311	0%	(5,253)	-94%	5,564	0%
Other	151,346	1%	33,682	29%	117,664	1%	5,348	5%	112,316	1%
Total Operating Expenses	\$12,356,129	100%	\$ (478,161)	-4%	\$12,834,290	100%	\$ (859,031)	-6%	\$13,693,321	100%

Wages and fringe benefits remained consistent overall in 2022, 2021 and 2020, which is the net result of contractually obligated wage increases, and decrease in medical insurance premiums. Maintenance, support equipment and enhancements decreased 34 percent from 2021 to 2022 due to lower Cares Act spending on COVID-19 cleaning and more than doubled from 2020 to 2021 as a result of increased maintenance and cleaning of the facility and vehicles due to COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021 and outsourcing facility maintenance functions that had been provided by internal staff previously. Depreciation decreased 20 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 11 percent from 2020 to 2021, which is attributable to timing of assets in service as the fleet size grew in 2020 and 2022 and decreased in 2021. Vehicle maintenance, supplies and fuel decreased 4 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 16 percent from 2020 to 2021, due to decreased fuel expense, partially as a result of decreased services in 2021 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Professional fees decreased 2 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 67 percent from 2020 to 2021 due to professional services incurred in 2020 related to the Move New Haven project, decreased legal fees and reallocation methodology of IT support service during 2021. Telephone and utilities expense increased 27 percent from 2021 to 2022 due to higher utility expenses from the office relocation in 2022 and decreased 4 percent from 2020 to 2021 due to telephone system upgrades in, fiber optic advances and the need to have infrastructure in place to ensure timely business delivery of IT and phone communications in 2020.

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

Equipment rental increased 16 percent from 2021 to 2022 and remained consistent from 2020 to 2021, due to licensing fees on Route Match software increasing in 2022. Insurance decreased 13 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 7 percent from 2020 to 2021, which is primarily due to loss control mitigation efforts. Office expense and postage decreased 22 percent from 2021 to 2022 and more than doubled from 2020 to 2021 based on various needs of the office. Purchased transportation increased 54 percent from 2021 to 2022 and decreased 43 percent from 2020 to 2021 due to transportation client needs. Travel and conferences decreased 32 percent and 98 percent from 2021 to 2022 and 2020 to 2021, respectively as the District restricted all professional travel during the COVID-19 pandemic. Other increased 27 percent from 2021 to 2022 and increased 5 percent from 2020 to 2021, due to increase in office and parking expense and bank charges in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

SUMMARY OF CASH FLOW ACTIVITIES

The following shows a summary of the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents for the past three years. Cash equivalents are considered highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less.

	2022 2021		2020
Cash flows used in operating activities	\$ (10,952,485)	\$ (11,678,067)	\$ (11,953,327)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	10,334,425	11,451,967	12,615,187
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	3,000	33,700	36,515
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(615,060)	(192,400)	698,375
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	1,120,660	1,313,060	614,685
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 505,600	\$ 1,120,660	\$ 1,313,060

The District's available cash and cash equivalents decreased from \$1.12 million at June 30, 2021 to \$0.51 million at June 30, 2022 and decreased from \$1.31 million at June 30, 2020 to \$1.12 million at June 30, 2021. The fluctuations are primarily due to timing of cash receipts and payments at year-end and a decrease in capital programs in 2021 through federal, state and local grant assistance.

MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

CAPITAL ACQUISITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

During the 2022, 2021 and 2020 fiscal years, the District continued its ongoing capital programs for land acquisition, the purchase of vehicles and support equipment, facility improvement projects and transit enhancement projects. The District is also the grantee for the New Haven Alternative Analysis study and efforts continue in collaboration with the Connecticut Department of Transportation to move forward with building demolition as well as design and construction of a new operations and maintenance facility.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Executive Director, 840 Sherman Ave, Hamden, CT 06514.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 505,600	\$ 1,120,660
Grant and trade receivables	1,501,580	725,831
Inventory	62,998	42,959
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	 127,147	 83,454
Total Current Assets	 2,197,325	 1,972,904
Other Assets		
Right-of-use asset, net	352,094	
Capital assets, net	 6,834,243	 6,678,987
Total Other Assets	7,186,337	 6,678,987
Total Assets	\$ 9,383,662	\$ 8,651,891
Liabilities and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Current portion of lease liability	\$ 135,951	\$
Accounts payable	140,791	113,169
Accrued expenses	619,115	479,587
Advances payable	 10,570	 28,034
Total Current Liabilities	906,427	620,790
Long-Term Lease Liability, less current portion	 217,593	
Total Liabilities	 1,124,020	 620,790
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	6,834,243	6,678,987
Unrestricted	 1,425,399	 1,352,114
Total Net Position	 8,259,642	 8,031,101
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 9,383,662	\$ 8,651,891

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		2021
Operating Revenues	\$	298,548	\$	343,767
Operating Expenses				
Wages and fringe benefits		8,645,872		8,431,794
Maintenance, support equipment and enhancements		997,048		1,502,184
Depreciation and amortization		948,608		1,183,433
Vehicle maintenance supplies and fuel		574,567		596,422
Professional fees		530,993		542,740
Telephone and utilities		228,845		180,474
Other		151,346		117,664
Equipment rental and maintenance		137,671		119,118
Insurance		93,355		107,087
Office expense and postage		35,357		45,345
Purchased transportation		10,908		7,087
Loss on sale and disposal of capital assets		1,128		311
Travel and conferences		431		631
Total Operating Expenses	1	2,356,129		12,834,290
Operating Loss	(1	2,057,581)	_(12,490,523)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Federal, state and local assistance grants used for operations	1	1,182,917		11,410,052
Interest (expense) income, net		(4,787)		1,019
Total Net Non-Operating Revenues	1	1,178,130		11,411,071
Decrease in Net Position Before Capital Grants		(879,451)		(1,079,452)
•		(07), (31)		(1,07),152)
Federal, State and Local Grants Used for Capital Asset Purchases		1,107,992		196,221
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		228,541		(883,231)
Net Position - Beginning		8,031,101		8,914,332
Net Position - Ending	\$	8,259,642	\$	8,031,101

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 283,409	\$ 268,126
Cash paid to employees for services	(2,706,636)	(3,567,093)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(8,529,258)	(8,379,100)
cash para to supplies for goods and services	(-))	
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(10,952,485)	(11,678,067)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
Proceeds from federal, state and		
local assistance grants	10,404,843	11,450,948
Cash paid on lease liability	(65,631)	
Interest (expense) income	(4,787)	1,019
\ 1 /		
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	10,334,425	11,451,967
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities		
Proceeds from grant capital contributions	1,107,992	196,221
Purchase of capital assets	(1,107,992)	(196,221)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,000	33,700
Net Cash Provided by Capital Financing Activities	3,000	33,700
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(615,060)	(192,400)
	1 120 660	1 212 060
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	1,120,660	1,313,060
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 505,600	\$ 1,120,660

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to		
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$ (12,057,581)	\$ (12,490,523)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss		
to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	948,608	1,183,433
Amortization of right-of-use asset	67,081	
Loss on sale and disposal of capital assets	1,128	311
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Grant and trade receivables	2,325	(8,501)
Inventory	(20,039)	12,413
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(43,693)	(44,578)
Accounts payable	27,622	(339,709)
Accrued expenses	139,528	76,227
Advances payable	(17,464)	(67,140)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	<u>\$ (10,952,485)</u>	\$ (11,678,067)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Greater New Haven Transit District (the District) is a regional governmental unit formed under the provisions of Chapter 103a of the Connecticut General Statutes. The District includes ten municipalities in the greater New Haven area who govern the District by appointing representatives to the Board of Directors. Those municipalities include Bethany, Branford, East Haven, Hamden, New Haven, North Branford, North Haven, Orange, West Haven and Woodbridge. The day to day affairs of the District are managed by the Executive Director and staff.

The District was established to administer transportation programs in the greater New Haven region. The District provides service to more than twenty towns as well as offers interdistrict ADA trips in collaboration with neighboring transit districts. The District has a broad range of programs, with the largest being the ADA paratransit program, which currently provides service to more than 4,900 residents in the region. This program is subsidized (net of fares) by the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation (CT DOT). The District also provides the Regional Rides Program, pooling funds received from CT DOT (State Matching Grant Program, Dial-A-Ride and non-ADA) as well as member town dues.

The District serves as a conduit for federal transit funds to purchase, operate and maintain transit related infrastructure, vehicles and support equipment in the greater New Haven area. These funds benefit the District directly, individual municipalities and the region as a whole.

The CT DOT provides matching funds for the reimbursement of capital expenditures incurred by the District (for its own use) for the purchase of capital assets authorized and partially funded under capital grants provided by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), a federally administered agency.

Any loss or significant reduction of these grants could have a significant impact on the District's financial position and operations. The continuance of the District's operations has been, and will continue to be, dependent upon the receipt of adequate funding assistance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District, as a governmental unit, follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liability for goods and services is incurred regardless of the timing of cash flows.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements for continued reasonableness. Appropriate adjustments, if any, to the estimates used are made prospectively, based upon such periodic evaluation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The balances in the cash accounts are available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities. Short-term investments of surplus cash are recorded at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all cash accounts and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase. Excess funds of the District may be deposited at the discretion of the executive director in a commercial bank or trust company with or without security to the credit of such funds.

The District has deposits in financial institutions that maintain Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) deposit insurance up to \$250,000 per depositor. At times, balances held at each financial institution may exceed \$250,000, which represents a credit risk to the District. The District's bank provides additional collateral coverage for any amounts in excess of the FDIC limits. The District has suffered no losses in connection with their banking activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

GRANT AND TRADES RECEIVABLE

Grants receivable represent reimbursements not yet received by the District for grant related program expenses. Trade receivable represent receivables due from local members. Both grant and trades receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. The District may record an allowance for doubtful accounts based on factors surrounding the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends, and other information. There is no allowance for doubtful accounts as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

INVENTORY

Inventory, consisting of fuel, bus components and supplies, is stated at the lower of cost and market, on the first-in, first-out method, or market.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Additions of capital assets which have an estimated useful life greater than one year and are greater than \$1,000 are capitalized and recorded at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Renewals and betterments that significantly extend the life of an asset are also capitalized. Depreciation and amortization is computed on the straightline method over the following estimated useful lives:

Transit vehicles	4 to 7 years
Furniture, computers and equipment	3 to 7 years
Vehicle maintenance and support equipment	5 to 10 years
Building and improvements	5 to 40 years
Land improvements	20 years

When items are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in the statement of activities and changes in net position.

Revenue received from the sale of capital assets acquired with grant proceeds are restricted for use in urban mass transportation systems. Sale proceeds in an amount of \$5,000 or less may be kept by the District. Proceeds received from the sale of capital assets in excess of \$5,000 must be returned to the grantor agencies, or with written permission from the grantor agencies, may be retained for the purchase of future transit assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

The carrying value of long-lived assets, which include capital assets, are evaluated periodically for impairment. Impairment losses are recognized when indicators of impairment are present and undiscounted cash flow estimated to be generated by District's capital assets is less than the carrying amount of such investments. The amount of the impairment loss, if any, is determined by comparing the carrying amount of the District's investments to its estimated fair value. No impairment losses have been recognized during 2022 and 2021.

LEASES

Effective July 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87), which became effective for all fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The District determines if an arrangement contains a lease at inception based on whether the District has the right to control the asset during the contract period and other facts and circumstances.

There were two leases that were in effect as of July 1, 2021, both of which expired during 2022 (see Note 5). The District concluded that the impact of adopting GASB 87 for these two leases were not material to the District's financial position, operations and cash flows, therefore, there adoption of GASB 87 resulted in no change to the District's financial statements as of July 1, 2021. These leases were not recorded on the statements of financial position, and are expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term in the statements of changes of activities and changes in net position.

The District entered into a new lease during 2022 as the lessee, which was recorded on the District's financial statements under GASB 87 (See Note 5). The right-of-use asset represents the District's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liability represents the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease, both of which are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at the commencement date. Any leases with a lease term of 12 months or less at inception are not recorded on the statements of financial position, and are expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term in the statements of changes of activities and changes in net position. The right-of-use asset was initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plans any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary changes necessary to place the lease into service. The right-of-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ACCRUED VACATION AND SICK TIME POLICY

Union employees can carry up to 960 hours of sick time, however vacation must be used by June 30th of each year. Non-union employees can accumulate up to 840 hours of sick time and may carry over up to 15 days of vacation time into the following fiscal year. Upon termination, the employees are entitled to a payout of the outstanding sick and vacation time. This represents a future liability to the District which is included in the accrued expense liability on the statements of financial position.

USE OF RESOURCES

The District first applies restricted resources to an expense incurred where both unrestricted and restricted resources are available to satisfy the expense.

OPERATING AND NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Revenues received as fares or for direct compensation for transportation services are reported as operating revenues as they are earned. Capital and operating subsidy grants as well as interest income are considered to be non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned. Expenses which pertain to providing transportation services are classified as operating expenses. All other expenses as well as any other charges are classified as non-operating.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events subsequent to June 30, 2022 have been evaluated through November 7, 2022, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events were identified requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 2 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30 was as follows:

	2022				
	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2022	
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Disposais	June 30, 2022	
Non-depreciable Land	\$ 3,884,070	\$	\$	\$ 3,884,070	
Total non-depreciable	3,884,070			3,884,070	
Depreciable Land improvements Building and improvements Transit vehicles Vehicle maintenance and support equipment Furniture, computers and equipment	297,164 1,323,370 5,483,861 669,508 1,674,484	989,362 1,900 116,730	64,364 1,683	297,164 1,323,370 6,408,859 669,725 1,791,214	
Total depreciable	9,448,387	1,107,992	66,047	10,490,332	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for Land improvements Building and improvements Transit vehicles Vehicle maintenance and support equipment Furniture, computers and equipment Total accumulated depreciation and amortization Net depreciable Total capital assets, net	\$ 286,440 725,163 3,545,203 619,907 1,476,757 6,653,470 2,794,917 \$ 6,678,987	\$ 7,362 74,978 659,416 24,801 182,051 948,608 159,384 \$ 159,384	\$ 60,341 1,578 61,919 4,128 \$ 4,128	\$ 293,802 800,141 4,144,278 643,130 1,658,808 7,540,159 2,950,173 \$ 6,834,243	
	Balance			Balance	
Non-depreciable Land	July 1, 2020 \$ 3,884,070	Additions \$	Disposals \$	June 30, 2021 \$ 3,884,070	
Total non-depreciable	3,884,070			3,884,070	
Depreciable Land improvements Building and improvements Transit vehicles Vehicle maintenance and support equipment Furniture, computers and equipment	297,164 1,323,370 6,271,388 669,508 1,478,263	196,221	787,527 	297,164 1,323,370 5,483,861 669,508 1,674,484	
Total depreciable	\$ 10,039,693	\$ 196,221	\$ 787,527	\$ 9,448,387	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 2 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	2021							
		Balance						Balance
	Jı	uly 1, 2020	1	Additions]	Disposals	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for	or:							
Land improvements	\$	272,050	\$	14,390	\$		\$	286,440
Building and improvements		649,005		76,158				725,163
Transit vehicles		3,590,547		698,350		743,694		3,545,203
Vehicle maintenance and support equipment		546,044		83,685		9,822		619,907
Furniture, computers and equipment		1,165,907		310,850				1,476,757
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization		6,223,553		1,183,433		753,516		6,653,470
Net depreciable		3,816,140		(987,212)		34,011		2,794,917
Total capital assets, net	\$	7,700,210	\$	(987,212)	\$	34,011	\$	6,678,987

Depreciation and amortization expense amounted to \$948,608 and \$1,183,433 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 3 – ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following at June 30:

	2022		2021
Accrued vacation and sick pay	\$	225,656	\$ 219,793
Accrued other		214,588	39,736
Accrued payroll		178,871	 220,058
Total	\$	619,115	\$ 479,587

NOTE 4 – LINE OF CREDIT

The District has an available line of credit with Citizens Bank (the Bank) of \$1,000,000. There were no amounts outstanding on the line of credit at June 30, 2022 and 2021. Borrowings on the line bear interest at LIBOR plus 3.00 percent (4.58 percent at June 30, 2022). Under the terms of the agreement, borrowings outstanding are collateralized by substantially all District assets. The District is required to meet certain financial covenants, including submitting audited financial statements within 150 days of year end. The District was in compliance with all covenants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 5 – LEASES

During 2022, the District entered into a lease agreement for an administrative office space under an operating lease with a three-year term with payments ranging from \$12,000 to \$12,484 through December 2024. This lease has been recorded on the District's financial statements in accordance with GASB 87 (see Note 1), resulting in a right-to-use asset and corresponding lease liability.

The following summarizes the right-of-use asset activity as reported on the District's balance sheet for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	 ance 1, 2021	A	dditions	Dis	posals	_	Balance e 30, 2022
Right-of-use asset Building	\$ <u></u>	\$	419,175	\$	<u></u>	\$	419,175
Less accumulated amortization for: Building	 		67,081		<u></u>		67,081
Total right-of-use asset, net	\$ 	\$	352,094	\$		\$	352,094

Amortization expense amount to \$67,081 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The following summarizes the line items in the statements of financial position which include amounts for operating leases as of June 30, 2022:

Right-of-use asset	\$ 352,094
Current portion of lease liability	\$ 135,951
Long-term lease liability, less current portion	 217,593
Total lease liability	\$ 353,544

The maturities of lease liabilities as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	F	Principal	I	nterest	
Years ending June 30,	P	ayments	Pa	yments	Total
2023	\$	135,951	\$	9,489	\$ 145,440
2024		143,389		4,960	148,349
2025		74,204		705	 74,909
	\$	353,544	\$	15,154	\$ 368,698

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 5 – LEASES (CONTINUED)

Weighted average lease term and discount rate are as follows as of June 30, 2022:

Weighted average remaining lease term	2.50 years
Weighted average discount rate	3.75%

The components of operating lease expenses that are included in "operating expenses" in the accompanying statements of activities and changes in net position were as follows for the years ended June 30:

	 2022	2021		
Operating lease cost	\$ 104,027	\$	63,343	

The Company had a lease agreement for administrative office and bus storage facility, with escalating monthly payments of \$2,200 and additional monthly rent of \$971 for additional facility equipment rent and common area maintenances expenses that expired in December 2022.

In addition, the District had an operating lease for an additional parking lot. The agreement called for monthly payments of \$2,200 and expired in December 2021.

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

The District administers two defined contribution plans established on September 1, 2003 in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a); Greater New Haven Transit District Union Employee 401(a) Plan and Greater New Haven Transit District Administrative Employee 401(a) Plan. These plans are provided to all employees who have completed three months of service and who are 18 years of age. The District contributes to the respective 401(a) plans based on employees voluntary contributions to a 457(b) plan; 100% of contributions up to 5% of compensation for union and administrative employees. Contributions are invested at the direction of the employee in one or more funds. The District made contributions of \$53,021 and \$52,980 during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Employee contributions to the plan were \$131,417 and \$125,343 during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES

There are various claims against the District that have arisen in the normal course of business. In management's opinion, none of these claims will have a material adverse effect on the District.

In addition, the District is the recipient of funds under grant awards from federal and state sources. Although management believes costs charged to these sources are appropriate, the final determination of cost allowability rests with the funding sources. Management believes any disallowances would not have a material impact on the District's financial position.

The nature of the District's transportation service subjects it to extensive and rapidly changing federal and state environmental regulations governing air emissions, waste water discharge and solid and hazardous waste management activities. The District's policy is to accrue environmental and clean-up related costs of a non-capital nature when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and that an amount can be reasonably estimated. It remains however, extremely difficult to reasonably quantify future environmental related expenditures and therefore no such liability has been recorded.

The District purchased land in North Haven, CT to build a new office. As part of the purchase and sale agreement, \$100,000 was to be deposited in an interest bearing cash account to fund any future environmental remediation costs the District may incur while building on the property. A corresponding contingent liability was recorded to reflect any potential costs and reimbursements made back to the seller, and included in accrued expenses on the accompanying statements of financial position.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic which continues to spread throughout the United States of America and the World. The District is monitoring the outbreak of COVID-19 and the related business and travel restrictions and changes to behavior intended to reduce its spread, and in addition to the impact on its employees. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the State of Connecticut issued stay-at-home orders and the collection of cash fares was halted during March 2020, which caused a significant decrease to the District's operating revenues as well as an increase to operating expenses for procedural changes. The District continues to monitor the situation and in April 2020 and June 2021 was awarded \$2,500,000 and \$200,000, respectively, of funding through the CARES act by the federal government which can be drawn on to reimburse for eligible expenses as applicable. In addition, in October 2021, the District was awarded \$600,000 through the American Rescue Plan (ARP) by the federal government which can be drawn on to reimburse for eligible expenses as applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Cumulatively through June 30, 2022 and 2021, the District had expended and drawn down \$2,487,888 and \$1,669,760, respectively, of the funds through the CARES Act grant. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 the District expended \$818,128 and \$1,295,142, respectively, which is included in federal, state and local assistance grants used for operations on the accompanying statements of activities and changes in net position. Through June 30, 2022, the District had not yet expended or drawn down on the ARP funds.

NOTE 8 – COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT

All of the District's drivers are covered by a collective bargaining agreement, which expires on June 30, 2023.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Greater New Haven Transit District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Greater New Haven Transit District (the District), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statements of activities and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

New Haven, CT November 7, 2022

Marcun LLP

GREATER NEW HAVEN TRANSIT DISTRICT FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Greater New Haven Transit District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Greater New Haven Transit District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

New Haven, CT November 7, 2022

Marcun LLP

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Throu	sed agh to sipients	Total Federal penditures
U.S. Department of Transportation: Federal Transit Cluster (Federal Transit - Formula Grants)					
CT-2020-006 (CARES Act)	20.507		\$		\$ 818,128
CT-2018-012	20.507				814,618
CT-2016-011	20.507				 92,449
Transit Services Program Cluster					1,725,195
New Freedom Program					
CT-57-X004	20.521				 23,336
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$		\$ 1,748,531

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Greater New Haven Transit District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles obtained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial State	ements			
• •	the auditor issued on whether the financial ited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	<u>U</u> .	nmodifiea	<u>l</u>
 Material w 	l over financial reporting: reakness(es) identified? t deficiency(ies) identified?		- · —	x no x none reported
Noncomplianc	e material to financial statements noted?		_ yes	x no
Federal Award	ds			
• Material w	l over major federal programs: reakness(es) identified? t deficiency(ies) identified?		yes z	
• •	rs' report issued on for major federal program:	<i>U</i>	nmodifiea	<u>l</u>
•	ing disclosed that are required d in accordance with 16(a)?		_ yes	x no
Identificatio	ON OF MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS:			
CFDA No.	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
20.507	Federal Transit Cluster: US Department of Transportation – Federal Transit – Formula Grants			
Dollar threshol	d used to distinguish between type A and type B	progra	ms is \$75	0,000.
Auditee Ohai	IFIED AS LOW-RISK AUDITEF	X	Yes	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No findings are reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No findings and questioned costs were reported for federal award programs.

SECTION IV – SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

There were no findings reported for federal award programs.

STATE SINGLE AUDIT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT ACT

To the Board of Directors of Greater New Haven Transit District

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited the Greater New Haven Transit District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion the Major State Programs

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Our responsibilities under those standards and the State Single Audit Act are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance the major state programs. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State Single Audit Act will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the State Single Audit Act, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards Required by the State Single Audit Act

We have audited the financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

New Haven, CT November 7, 2022

Marcun LLP

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

State Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	State Grant Program CORE-CT Number	Pas Throu Subrec	igh to	E	xpenditures
D. C.					
Department of Transportation					
ADA Dial-A-Ride Services	12001-DOT57000-12379	\$		\$	9,904,464
Bus Operations	12001-DOT57000-12175				411,147
Capital and Project - State Portion	CT-2018-002				203,678
Capital and Project - State Portion	CT-2016-011				23,089
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	e	\$		\$	10,542,378

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance (the Schedule) includes state grant activity of the Greater New Haven Transit District (the District) under programs of the State of Connecticut for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Department of Transportation of the State of Connecticut has provided financial assistance through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. These financial assistance programs fund the transportation services of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

The information in the Schedule is presented based upon regulations established by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified	!
Internal control over financial reporting:Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiencies identified		x no x none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	x_ no
State Financial Assistance		
Internal control over major programs:Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiencies identified	<u> </u>	x no x none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodifiea	!
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the		
Regulations to the State Single Audit Act	<u> </u>	x no
The following schedule reflects the major pr	ograms included in the audit:	
State Grantor and Program	State CORE-CT Number	Expenditures
ADA Dial-A-Ride Services Bus Operations	12001-DOT57000-12379 12001-DOT57000-12175	\$ 9,904,464 411,147

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs is \$210,848.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No findings reported.

III. STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No findings or questioned costs are reported relating to State Financial Assistance Programs.

IV. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

There were no findings reported for state financial assistance programs